1. The first River Action Plan taken up under the National River Conservation Directorate was the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. Full form of EIS is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. Write Short notes on **any two** of the following **(5x2=10)**
4. Difference between writ jurisdiction under Article 32 and 226
5. Public Interest Litigation.
6. Biopiracy.
7. Answer **any three** of the following **(15x3=45)**
8. Discuss the recent judicial observations on noise pollution in India.
9. Analyse the laws relating to protection of forest in India.
10. Evaluate the effort of the National Green Tribunal in environmental protection in India.
11. Discuss the principles that should be applicable to the majority of protected area conflicts.

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**TU/ CODL**

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**SEMESTER END EXAMINATION AUT 21 & SPR 22**

**DIPEVMD / DEM 201: ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND POLICIES**

Time: **3 Hours** Total Marks: **70**

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks for the individual question.*

1. Answer **any five** of the following question in one word or sentence. **(2x5=10)**
2. What is the power of a court to inquire whether a law, executive order or other official action conflicts with the constitution and if the court concludes that it does, to declare it unconstitutional and void, known as?
3. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 came into existence as a direct consequence of which tragedy?
4. What is the full form of EIA?
5. Name one of the document that emerged out of the Earth Summit in 1992.
6. What are the areas of sea, land and air that do not fall within recognised national boundaries known as?
7. What is the MC Mehta v. Union of India case filed in the year 1984 is also popularly known as?
8. Fill in the Blanks **(1x5=5)**
9. Article\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_protects the right to life as a fundamental right under the Indian Constitution.
10. The Supreme Court recognised the right to livelihood in the case of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are areas of terrestrial and coastal ecosystems promoting solutions to reconcile the conservation of biodiversity with its sustainable use.

P.T.O

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